PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD'S DECISION

APPELLANT: Robert Schoppen
DOCKET NO.: 05-26527.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 32-30-111-010-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Robert Schoppen, the appellant, and the Cook County Board of Review.

The subject property consists of a 43-year-old, one-story one-bath style single-family dwelling of frame construction containing 910 square feet of living area and located in Bloom Township, Cook County.

The appellant submitted evidence before the Property Tax Appeal Board claiming unequal treatment in the assessment process as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant offered a spreadsheet detailing three suggested comparable properties located in the same coded assessment neighborhood as the subject. These properties consist of 44-year old, one-story one bath style single-family dwellings of frame construction. Two of the comparable dwellings contain basements and one has a garage. The comparables range in size from 913 to 925 square feet of living area and have improvement assessments ranging from \$0.87 to \$1.99 per square foot of living area. A copy of the subject's 2005 board of review final decision was also included. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject's final improvement assessment of \$3,311, or \$3.64 per square foot of living area, was disclosed. In support of the subject's assessment, the board of review offered property characteristic sheets and a spreadsheet detailing three suggested comparable properties located in the same coded assessment neighborhood as the subject. The comparables consist of 41 to 44 year old, one-story one bath style single-family dwellings of frame construction. These

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Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the <u>Cook</u> County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$ 1,320 IMPR.: \$ 3,311 TOTAL: \$ 4,631

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

PTAB/lbs/08006

properties range in size from 925 to 1,015 square feet of living area and have improvement assessments ranging from \$4.51 to \$4.67 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject property's assessment.

In rebuttal the appellant argued the board of review's comparables are two-story dwellings without the second floor living area reflected in their living square footage.

After reviewing the record and considering the evidence, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal. The appellant's argument was unequal treatment in the assessment process. The Illinois Supreme Court has held that taxpayers who object to an assessment on the basis of lack of uniformity bear the burden of proving the disparity of assessment valuations by clear and convincing evidence. Kankakee County Board of Review v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 131 Ill.2d 1 (1989). The evidence must demonstrate a consistent pattern of assessment inequities within the assessment jurisdiction. After an analysis of the assessment data, the Board finds the appellant has failed to overcome this burden.

The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that the evidence disclosed the board of review's comparables are located in the same survey section and block as the subject, while two of the appellant's comparables are located different survey section and block than the subject. This places the appellant's two comparables at a greater distance from the subject than the remaining parcels. The Board accords the properties located in the closest proximity to the subject the most weight. The remaining two comparables are accorded diminished weight due to their greater distance from the subject. The properties found to be the most similar in location have improvement assessments ranging from \$0.87 to \$4.67 per square foot of living area. The subject's per square foot improvement assessment of \$3.94 falls within the established by these properties. Further, the Board finds the subject's per square foot improvement assessment is lower than the three similarly located properties. After considering adjustments and the differences in both parties' suggested comparables when compared to the subject property, the Board finds the subject's per square foot improvement assessment is supported by the properties contained in the record.

In regard to the appellant's rebuttal argument, the Board finds the appellant failed to proffer documentary evidence in support this contention.

As a result of this analysis, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds the appellant failed to adequately demonstrate that the subject

dwelling was inequitably assessed by clear and convincing evidence and no reduction is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Chairman	
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Member	Member
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: February 29, 2008

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A $\frac{\text{PETITION}}{\text{AND}}$ EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.